

STRUCTURED TRAINING: THE COADJUVANT TRAINING

PhD Roger Font Ribas

Graduate in Sport Sciences
Master in High Performance Team Sports
Master's Degree in Sports Rehabilitation
Strength and Conditioning Coach Dinamo de Bucaresti and Romanian Men National Team















Barcelona













ROGER FONT RIBAS







































GUIDE

ROMÂNIA

1.- INTRODUCTION - CONTEXTUALISATION

- 2.- OBJECTIVES CONDITIONAL WORK
- 3.- CONDITIONAL MODEL
- 4.- STRENGTH WORK
- 5.- METABOLIC WORK











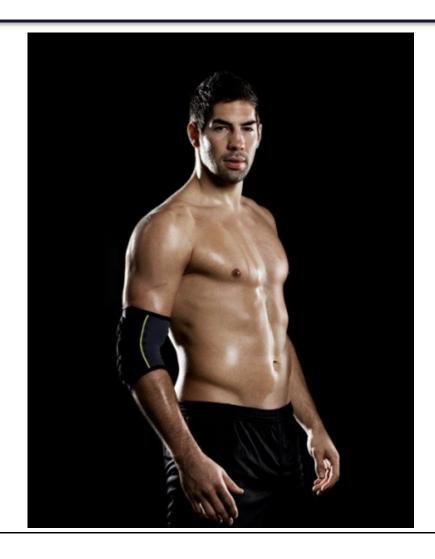




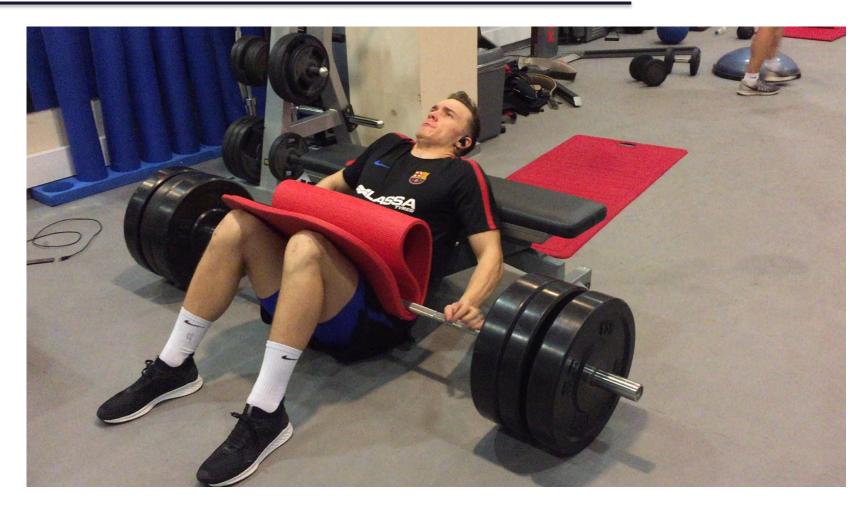






















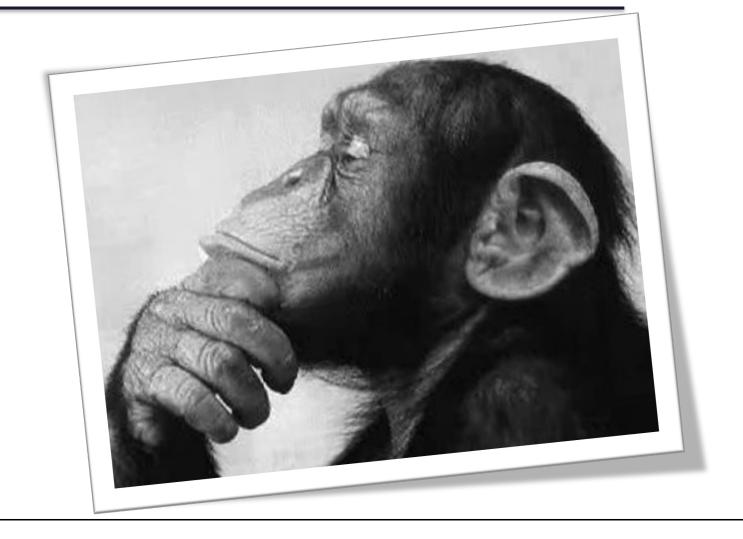




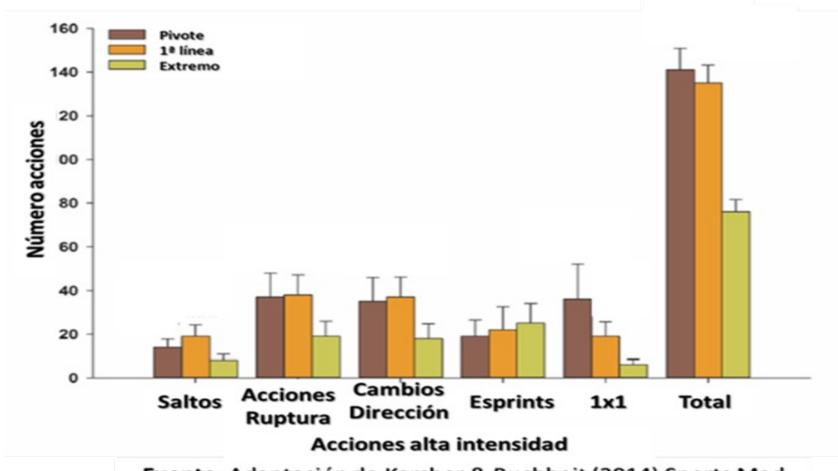
	Luig et al 2008	Michalsik et al 2014	Póvoas et al 2014	Sporis et al 2010
WINGS		3.641±501	4.234±520	
BACKS		3.765±532	4.964±642	
PIVOTS		3.295±495	3.910±507	
ALL	2.929±1.404	3.627±568		4.790

Luig et al 2008, Michalsik et al 2014, Póvas et al 2014, Sporis et al 2010







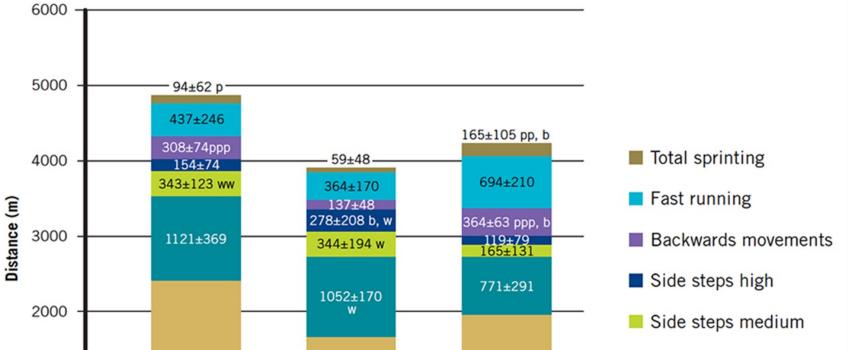


Fuente: Adaptación de Karcher & Buchheit (2014) Sports Med









1677±291

Pivot

Playing position

1956±263

pp

Wing

2408±369

pp,ww

Back

1000

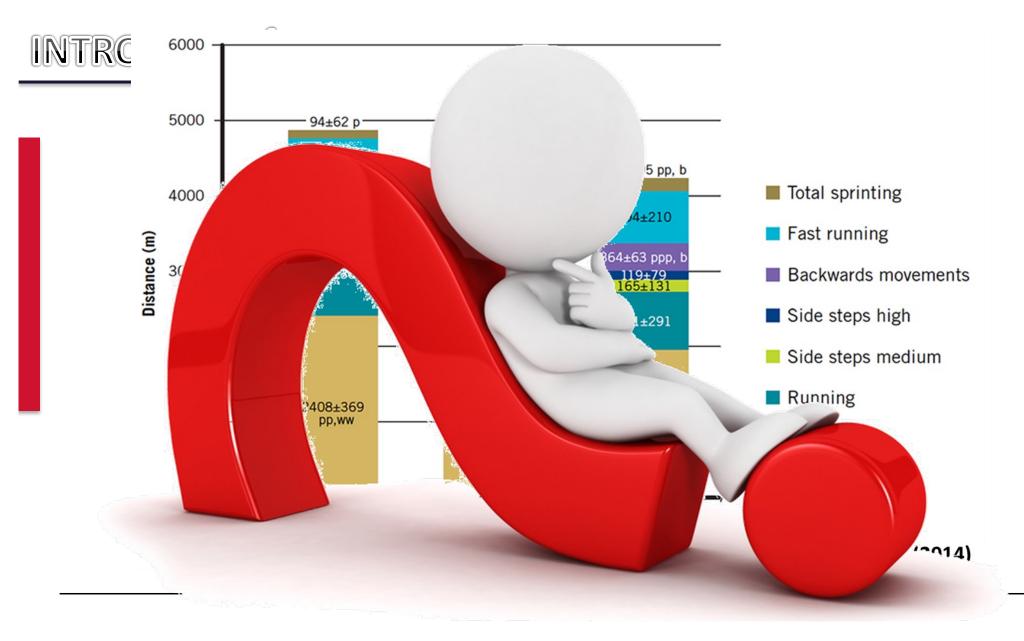
0

Running

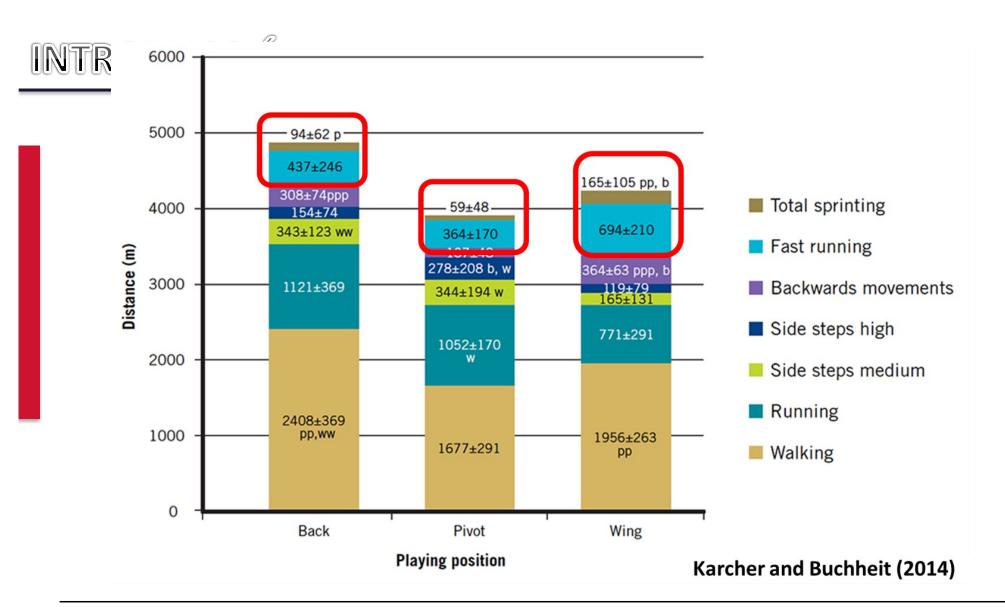
Walking

Karcher and Buchheit (2014)













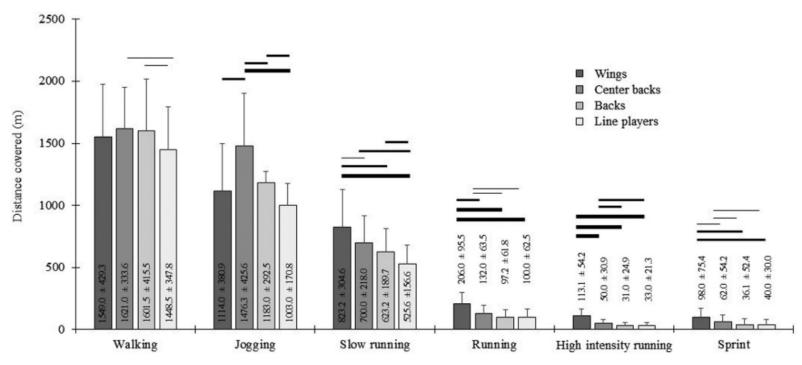
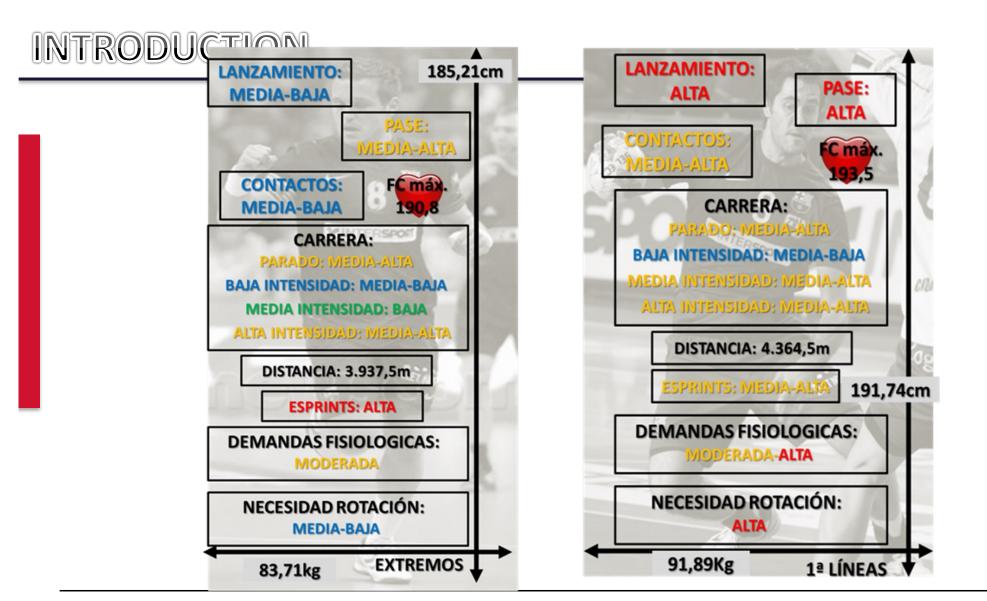


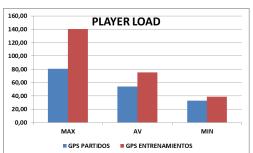
FIG. 1. Distance covered at different speeds according to each playing position. Speed criteria: walking (0–1.7 m·s⁻¹), jogging (1.8–3.3 m·s⁻¹), slow running (3.4–5.0 m·s⁻¹), running (5.1–5.8 m·s⁻¹), high-intensity running (5.9–6.7 m·s⁻¹), sprint (> 6.7 m·s⁻¹). The thickness of the lines represents the magnitude of the difference (effect size) — stands for a large, — for a moderate and — for a small difference. Only effect sizes with a substantial probability of difference (> 75%) are shown.

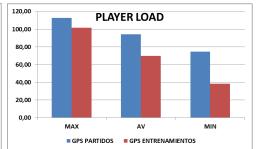




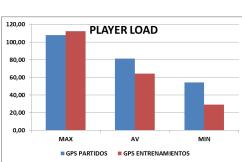






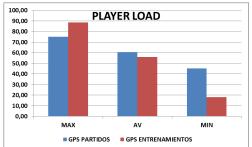


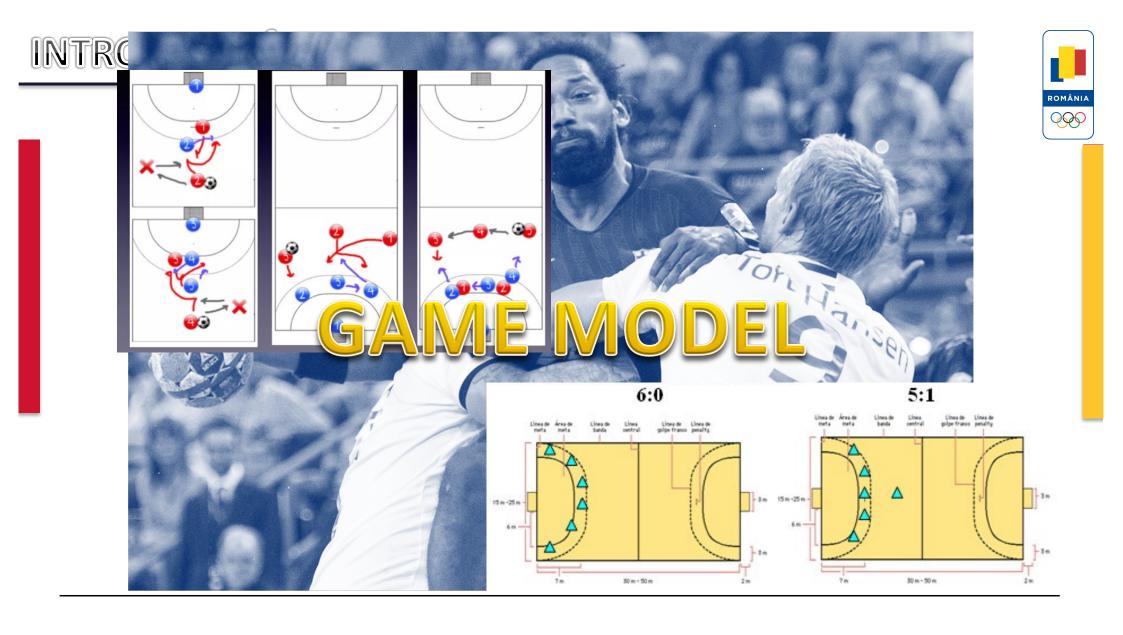
















GUIDE

ROMÂNIA

1.- INTRODUCTION - CONTEXTUALISATION

2.- OBJECTIVES CONDITIONAL WORK

- 3.- CONDITIONAL MODEL
- 4.- STRENGTH WORK
- 5.- METABOLIC WORK



OBJECTIVES





OBJECTIVES





1.- INJURY PREVENTION





















GUIDE

ROMÂNIA

- 1.- INTRODUCTION CONTEXTUALISATION
- 2.- OBJECTIVES CONDITIONAL WORK
- 3.- CONDITIONAL MODEL
- 4.- STRENGTH WORK
- 5.- METABOLIC WORK



Training in Team Sports: Structured Training in the FCB

J. R. Tarragó¹, Marcel·lí Massafret-Marimón², Francisco Seirul·lo¹ and Francesc Cos².3*

¹Futbol Club Barcelona, Spain, ²National Institute of Physical Education of Catalonia (INEFC), Barcelona Centre, University of Barcelona, Spain, ³New York City Football Club, United States of America

Apunts. Educación Física y Deportes 2019, n.º 138, 4.º trimestre (octubre-diciembre), pp. 13-25 ISSN-1577-4015

Entrenamiento en deportes de equipo: el entrenamiento estructurado en el FCB

J. R. Tarragó¹, Marcel·lí Massafret-Marimón², Francisco Seirul·lo¹ y Francesc Cos².3*

¹Futbol Club Barcelona, España, ²Instituto Nacional de Educación Física de Cataluña (INEFC) - Centro de Barcelona, Universidad de Barcelona, España, ³New York City Football Club, Estados Unidos de América

DOI: https://dx.doi.org/10.5672/apunts.2014-0983.es.(2019/4).138.01

Training in Team Sports: Coadjuvant Training in the FCB

Antonio Gómez¹, Eric Roqueta¹, Joan Ramon Tarragó¹, Francisco Seirul·lo¹ and Francesc Cos^{2,3*}

¹Futbol Club Barcelona, Spain, ²National Institute of Physical Education of Catalonia (INEFC), Barcelona Centre, University of Barcelona, Spain, ³New York City Football Club, United States of America

Entrenamiento en deportes de equipo: el entrenamiento coadyuvante en el FCB

Antonio Gómez¹, Eric Roqueta¹, Joan Ramon Tarragó¹, Francisco Seirul·lo¹ y Francesc Cos².3*

¹Futbol Club Barcelona, España, ²Instituto Nacional de Educación Física de Cataluña (INEFC) - Centro de Barcelona, Universidad de Barcelona, España, ³New York City Football Club, Estados Unidos de América



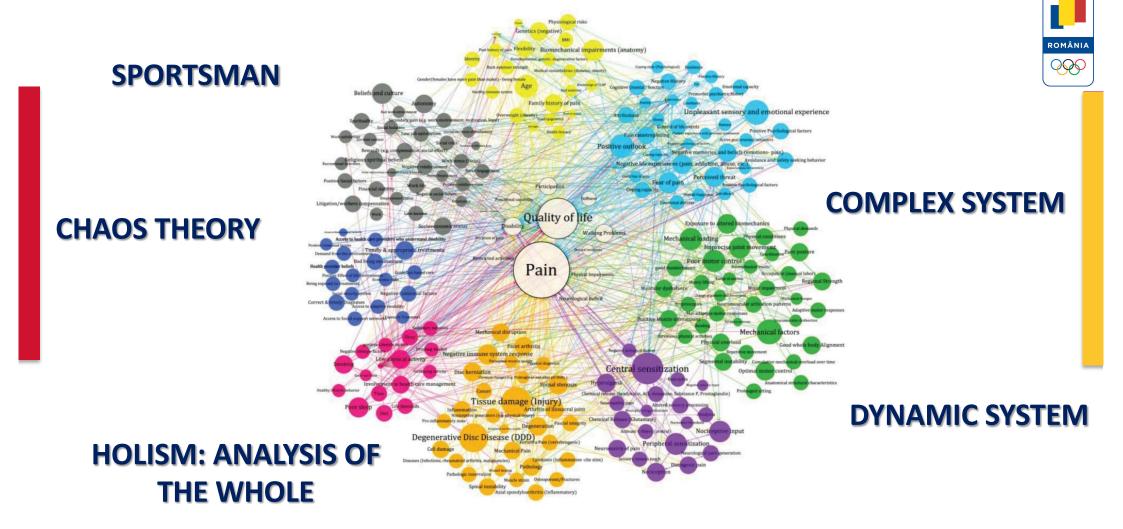


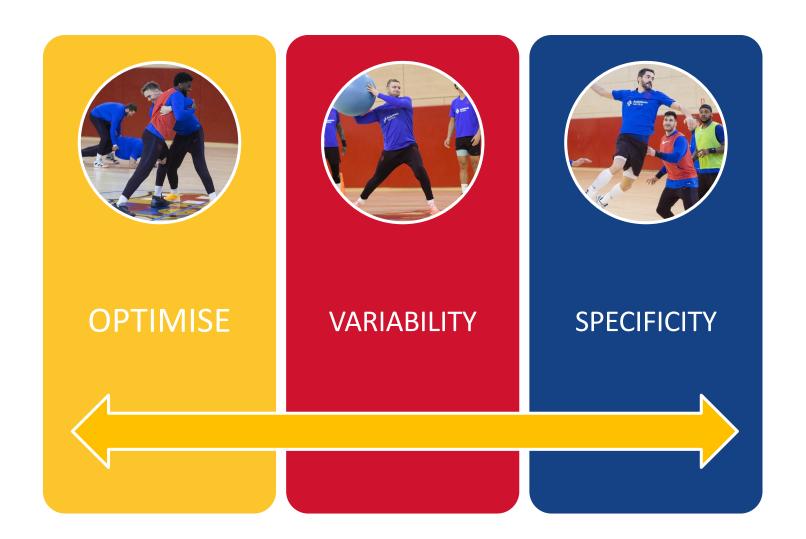
Entrenamiento en deportes de equipo: el entrenamiento optimizador en el Fútbol Club Barcelona

Edu Pons Alcalá¹ ® 0, Andrés Martin Garcia² ® 0 Marc Guitart Trench² ® 0, Isaac Guerrero Hernández³ ® 0, Joan Ramón Tarragó i Costa⁴ ® 0, Francisco Seirul·lo Vargas⁵ ® 0 y Francesc Cos Morera⁵ ® 0

- ¹Preparador físico primero equipo Fútbol Club Barcelona
- ² Preparador físico Fútbol Club Barcelona
- ³ Director adjunto Metodología Fútbol Club Barcelona
- ⁴Director de Rendimiento Deportivo Fútbol Club Barcelona
- ⁵Director de Metodología FC Barcelona
- Manchester City Football Club 1.er equipo, Reino Unido; Instituto Nacional de Educación Física de Cataluña (INEFC)-Universidad de Barcelona, España.



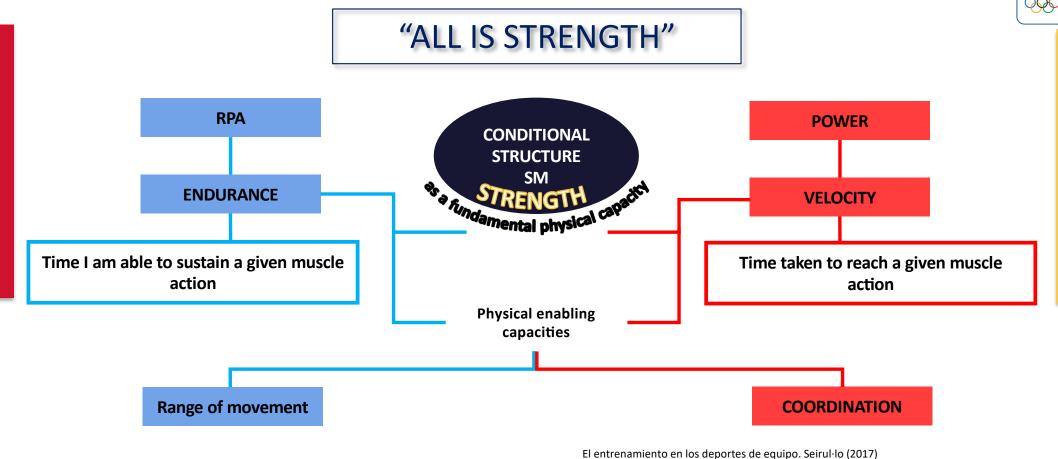






BEFORE YOU START...





STRUCTURED TRAINING MODELS



COADYUVANT TRAINING

- PREVENTION
- STRUCTURAL
- RECOVERY
- SPECIFIC SKILLS

OPTIMISER TRAINING

- PLANIFICATION
- DESING OF SIMULATING SITUATIONS
 - DESING MICROCYCLE
 - NEXT MATCH



ASSESSMENT AND CONTROL

ELEMENTS AND ENVIRONMENT

GYM

From the player to training



COURT

From the team to compete

STRUCTURED TRAINING MODELS



COADYUVANT TRAINING

- PREVENTION
- STRUCTURAL
- RECOVERY
- SPECIFIC SKILLS

OPTIMISER TRAINING

- PLANIFICATION
- DESING OF SIMULATING SITUATIONS
 - DESING MICROCYCLE
 - NEXT MATCH



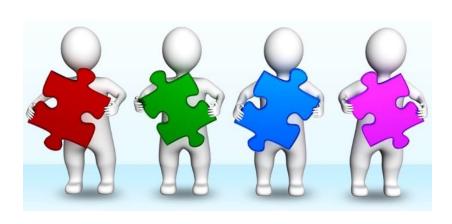
ASSESSMENT AND CONTROL

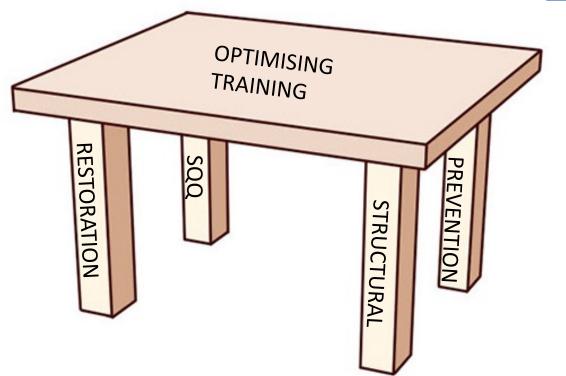
ELEMENTS AND ENVIRONMENT

From the player to training

From the team to compete

Structured Training Metaphor





9

KEY IDEAS



[...] In other words, the **CT** first of all **prepares for training** and then, using elements and environments that are not specific to the game in part or in full, helps **to optimise structures and systems** that enable the athlete to achieve the desired performance.

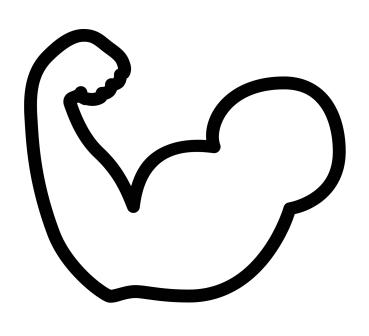
Gómez et al., (2019)



PROTECTION



PERFORMANCE



OPTIMISE

PILLARS AND SYSTEMS OF COADJUVANT STRENGTH TRAINING













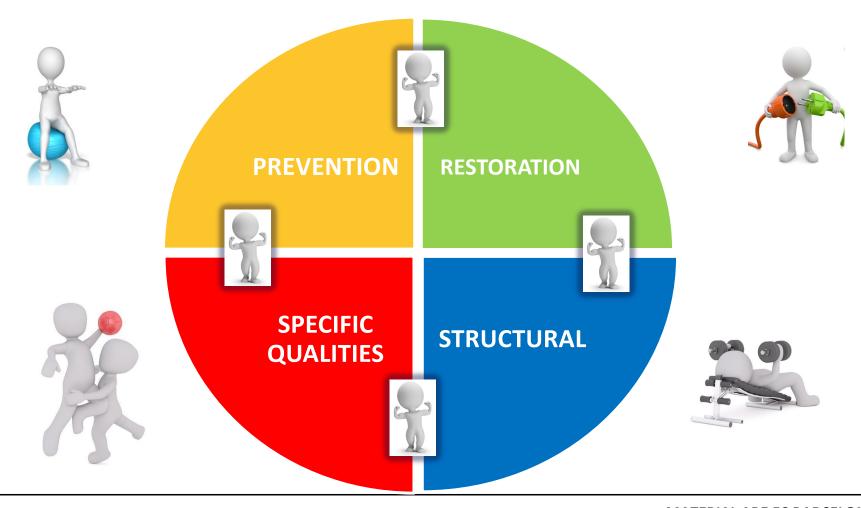
FUT-SAL



HOCKEY









STRUCTURAL

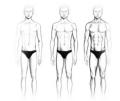
Morphological modification anthropometric variables

practice different manifestations Strength

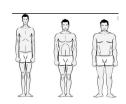




- Achieve an optimal composition between lean mass, especially muscle mass, and body fat mass by increasing HD performance.



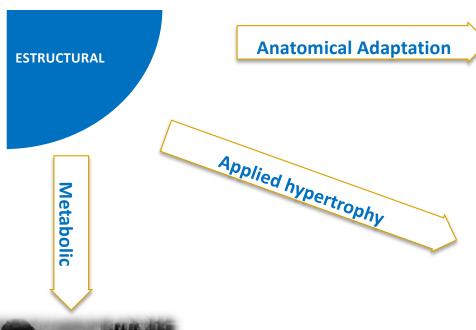
- To condition joints and soft tissues to withstand high intensity and high specificity loads on a variety of playing surfaces.
- Identify the needs of the individual morphotype.



Specific practice time over lifetime







HIIT
Reducing fat mass
increase metabolic rate
effect
EPOC (Excess Post exercise
Oxygen Consumption)



Functional to provide sufficient mobility and adequate joint stability, optimising functionality and balancing strength and strength endurance performance (m. agonists and antagonists)



Increase % muscle mass needs individual needs sport speciality demarcation

Optimal hypertrophy explosive strength demonstrations specific techniques

OPTIMISER TRAINING



STRUCTURAL





STRUCTURAL

OPTIMISER TRAINING

ANATOMICAL ADAPTATION

Functional. Giving joint mobility and stability

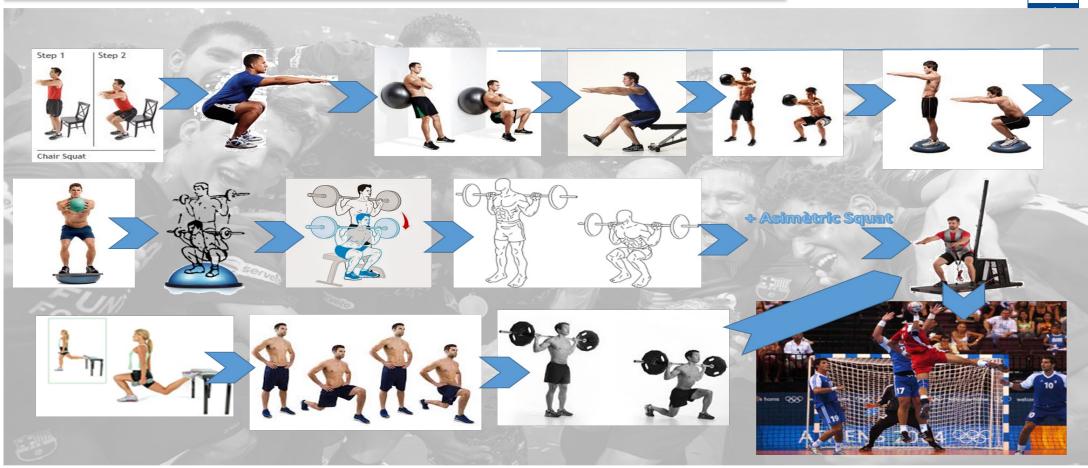
APPLIED HYPERTROPHY

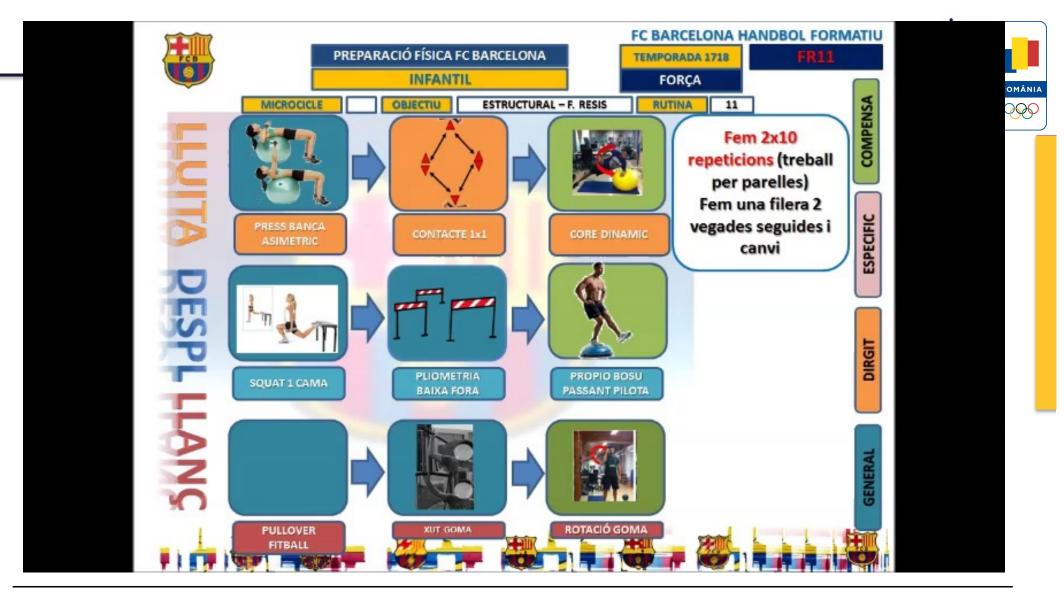
Increasing body mass

METABOLIC

HIIT, body mass reduction











Anticipation, correction, adjustment, protection

Internal and external factors

Risk of overload



Risk of injury

Primary - group



Injury casuistry sport modality

Secondary - individual



Individual needs Injury history

Balance and musculotendinous predisposition to sportspecific executions.

Prioritise stabilisation as an indispensable element and facilitator of sensorimotor action.

Musculotendinous adaptation to high intensity actions, especially to eccentric and unforeseen manifestations (imbalances, blows, landings, decelerations, etc.). Increasing the efficiency of the coordination capacities that are the basis of specific techniques.



OPTIMISER TRAINING

STRUCTURAL PREVENTION



PREVENTION CLASSIFICATION

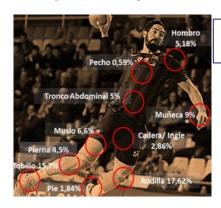




PRIMARY

GROUP PREVENTION

Based on the casuistry sports injuries



HANDBALL

Ankle Knee Lumbar Shoulder

SECONDARY

INDIVIDUAL PREVENTION

Injury History
FMS
Y-Balance
CMJ Bilat. / CMJ Unilat.



% LESIONES POR LOCALIZACIÓN EN BALONMANO



Pediátrica Apofisitis 2,10%

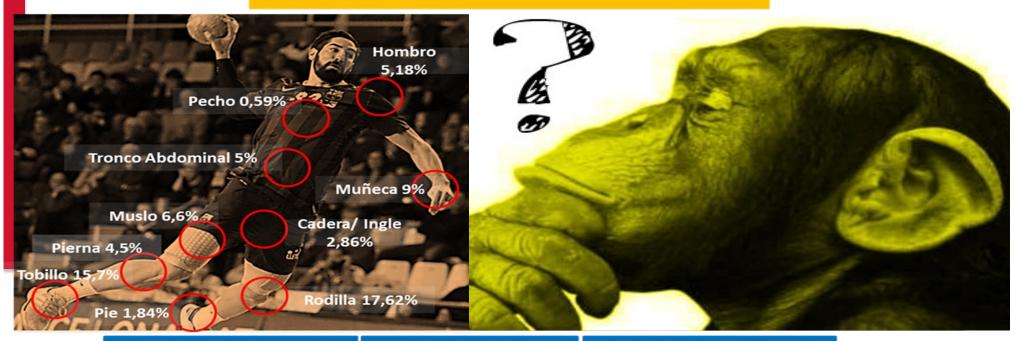
Congénita 0,4%

Localización Inespecífica 0,4%

Fuente: Langevoort et al (2007), Mónaco et al (2013), Olssen et al (2006)



% LESIONES POR LOCALIZACIÓN EN BALONMANO



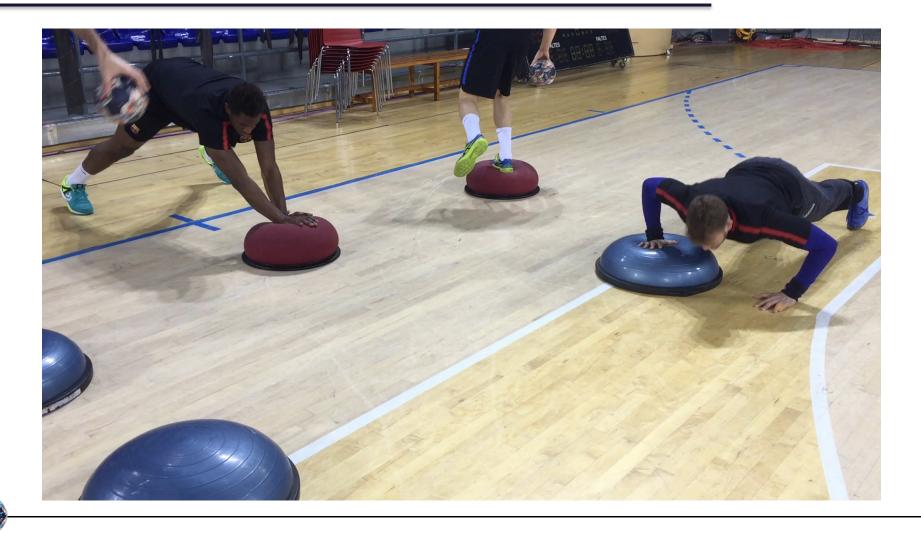
Pediátrica Apofisitis 2,10%

Congénita 0,4%

Localización Inespecífica 0,4%

Fuente: Langevoort et al (2007), Mónaco et al (2013), Olssen et al (2006)

































OPTIMISER TRAINING

STRUCTURAL PREVENTION DEFICIT





OPTIMISER TRAINING

STRUCTURAL
PREVENTION
DEFICIT
RETURN TO PLAY

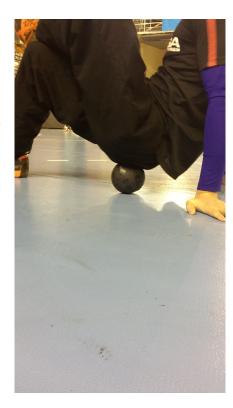


ROMÂNIA

999

RESTOR ATION

Optimise means of recovery



After intense training and competition sessions

Restoration of pre-activity bioenergetic and functional values.

Support for individual biophysiology.

Differentiated at different times of sporting life

In the different structures of the HD





Development and optimisation of strength demonstrations.

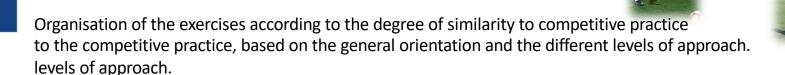
Greater degree of effectiveness and specific neuromuscular efficiency.

Jump
Displacement
Fighting
Ball action





"Content" the specific technical skill (with all its variations)



Training format prescription of 3 types of chained exercises

Fundamental exercise \rightarrow complementary or compensatory exercise \rightarrow application exercise.

















MONOAXIAL

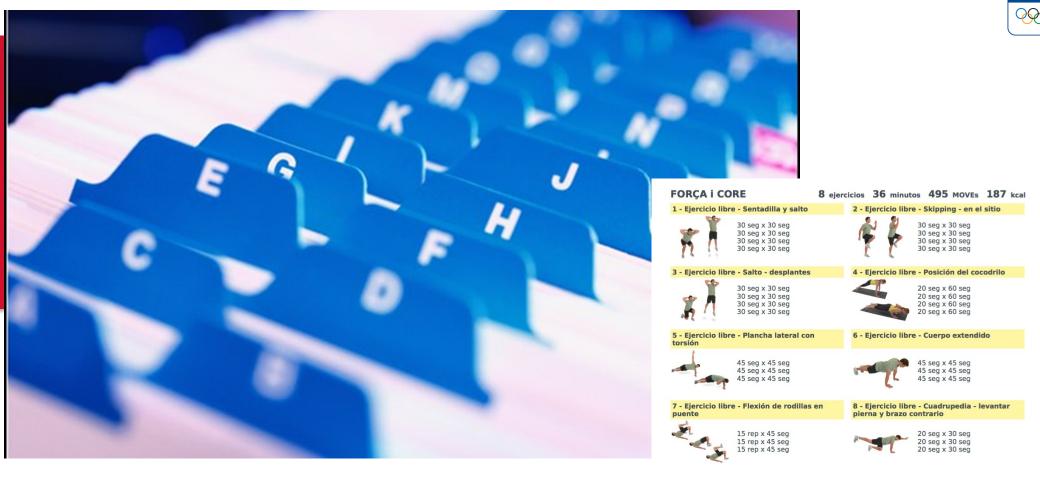
ENFASI CONCENTRICO

El entrenamiento en los deportes de equipo. Seirul·lo (2017)





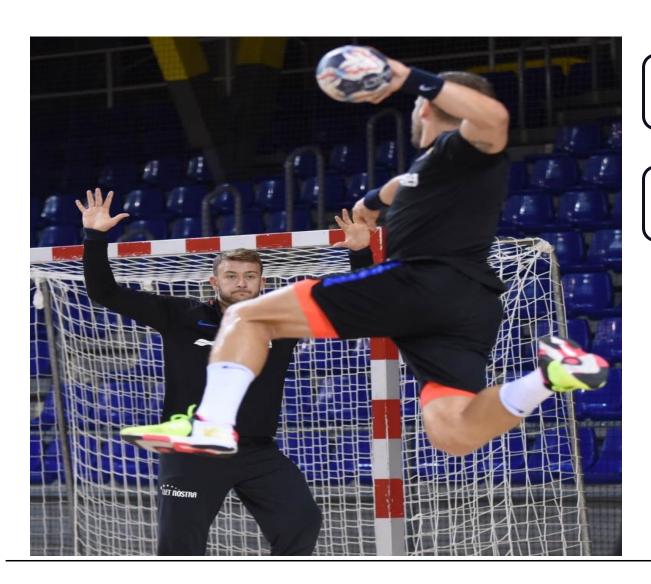












JUMP







JUMP

SHOT

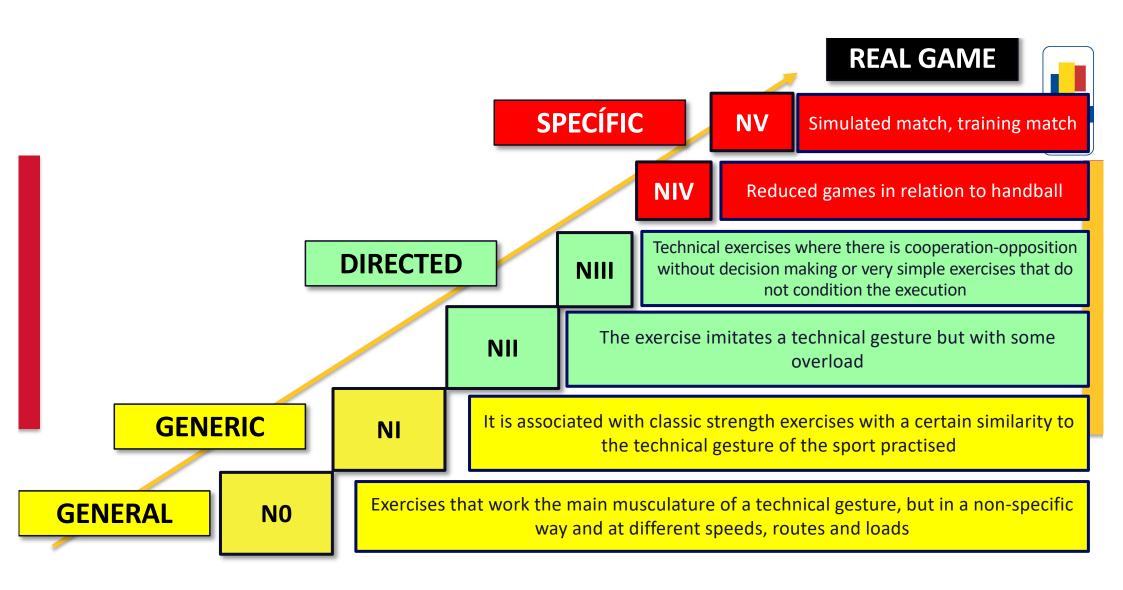


JUMP

SHOT

DISPLACEMENT





SC TRAINING FORMAT

Tous (1999)

He cites in the methodology of strength work from sports training, a method he calls: **GENERAL-DIRECTED-SPECIFIC** Developed earlier by Seirul.lo

Construction of a motor chain for strength work.

.

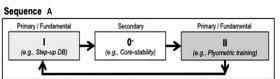
FUNDAMENTAL/BASIC EXERCISE: helps to build the subsequent work.

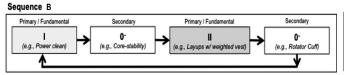
APPLICATION/ASSIMILATION: exercise that tries to transfer the basic exercise to the technical exercise.

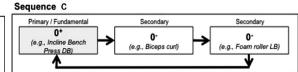
COMPLEMENTARY/COMPENSATORY: reduces aggressiveness

Shelling Torres (2016)

They present formats with 3 or 4 exercises (basic or complementary only) in different sequences.













SC TRAINING FORMAT

Training format prescription of 3 types of chained exercises

Fundamental exercise → Complementary or compensatory exercise → application exercise.









It allows us to maximise HD potentialities from a systemic perspective





PROTECTS
THE HEALTH

FACILITATES
OPTIMISATION TRAINING

CONTRIBUTES
OPTIMISES STRUCTURES

FACILITATES INDIVIDUALISATION



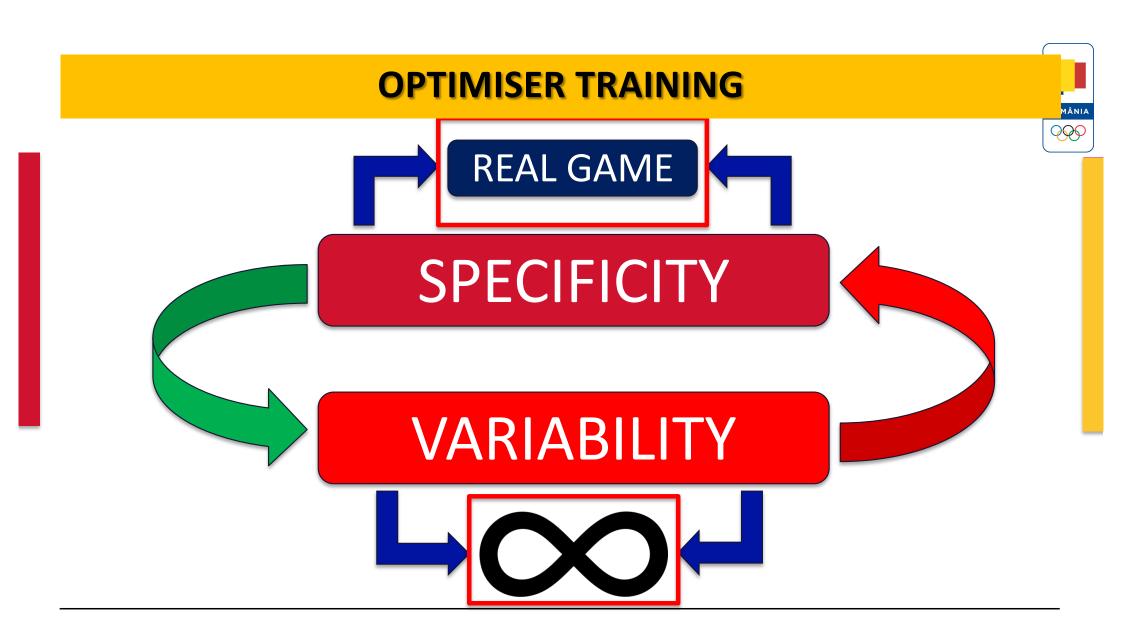
COADJUVANT TRAINING

OPTIMISER TRAINING

STRUCTURAL
PREVENTION

DEFICIT
RETURN TO PLAY
GENERAL







Training in two dimensions (2D)







1950

2020

Original Research

Journal of Strength and Conditioning Research™

Barbell Squat Relative Strength as an Identifier for Lower Extremity Injury in Collegiate Athletes

Marcus J. Case, Duane V. Knudson, and Darcy L. Downey

Department of Health and Human Performance, Texas State University, San Marcos, Texas



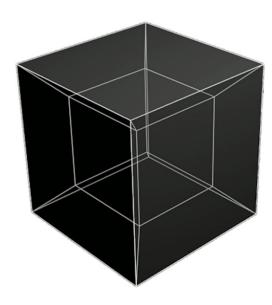
Training in three dimensions (3D)











4D UNIVERS

CONSTRUCTION OF THE THREE-DIMENSIONAL UNIVERSE OF THE ATHLETE

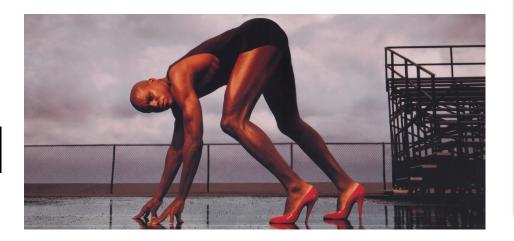


"Force without control is useless "Pirelli



Coordinative strength

- **Motor Control**
- **2** Application of force
- 3 Optimum momentum



KEY IDEAS



In team sports, the pattern of recruitment is changeable but...

"[...] we find unilateral, bilateral, etc. force application vectors that are changeable in direction, sense and magnitude"



Moras, G (2018)

... how we train it?





- Variations on the movement proposal
- 2 Change the movement
- 3 Modify the stability conditions of the same





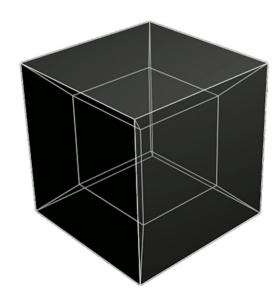




TRAINING IN FOUR DIMENSIONS (4D)







2D UNIVERS

3D UNIVERS





CHANGE THE TYPE OF RESISTANCE







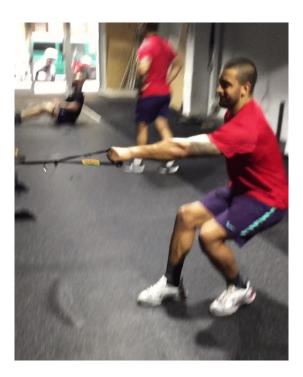






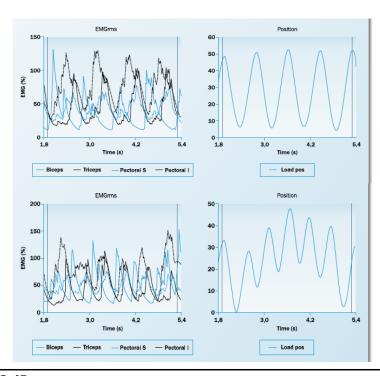
2 ALTERING THE EXTERNAL LOAD







3 ALTERING THE BEHAVIOURAL PATTERN OF THE TIME SERIES DISPLACEMENT - TIME







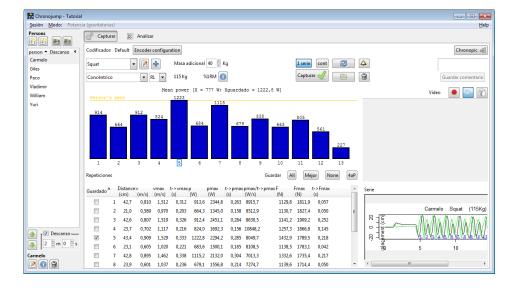
4 USE DISRUPTIVE CONSTRAINTS





5 OPTIMAL FORCE MANAGEMENT OVER TIME







6 VIBRATORY STIMULATION



KEY IDEAS

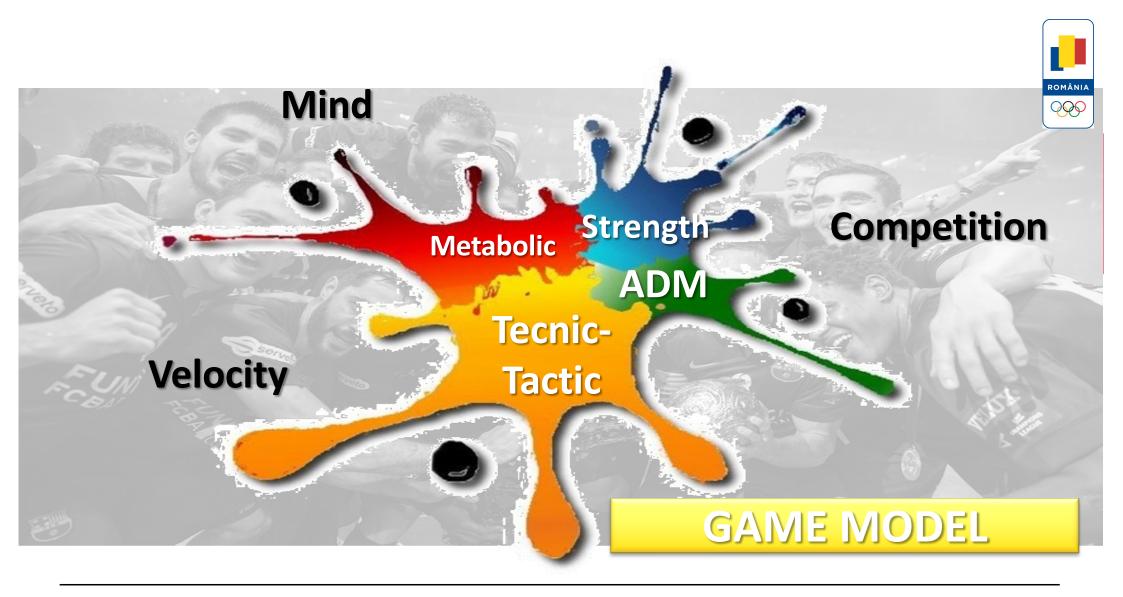
ROMÂNIA

3D





(Moras, 2017)



GUIDE

ROMÂNIA

- 1.- INTRODUCTION CONTEXTUALISATION
- 2.- OBJECTIVES CONDITIONAL WORK
- 3.- CONDITIONAL MODEL
- 4.- STRENGTH WORK
- 5.- METABOLIC WORK







N2

N1 N0-









N1 N1

N1-N2

N0-

GUIDE

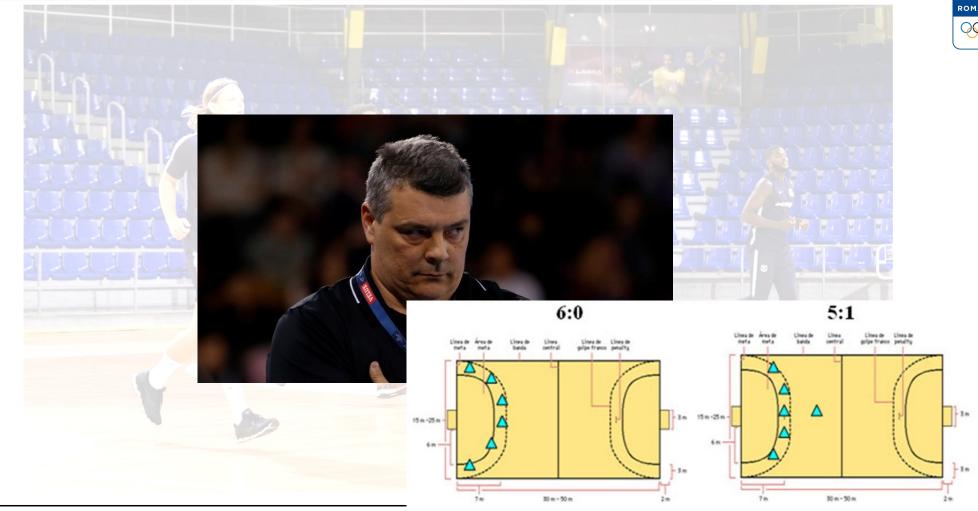
ROMÂNIA

- 1.- INTRODUCTION CONTEXTUALISATION
- 2.- OBJECTIVES CONDITIONAL WORK
- 3.- CONDITIONAL MODEL
- 4.- STRENGTH WORK
- **5.- METABOLIC WORK**



METABOLIC WORK





METABOLIC WORK





METABOLIC WORK









"Think, believe, dream and dare"



